



NORTH CAROLINA
Department of Transportation

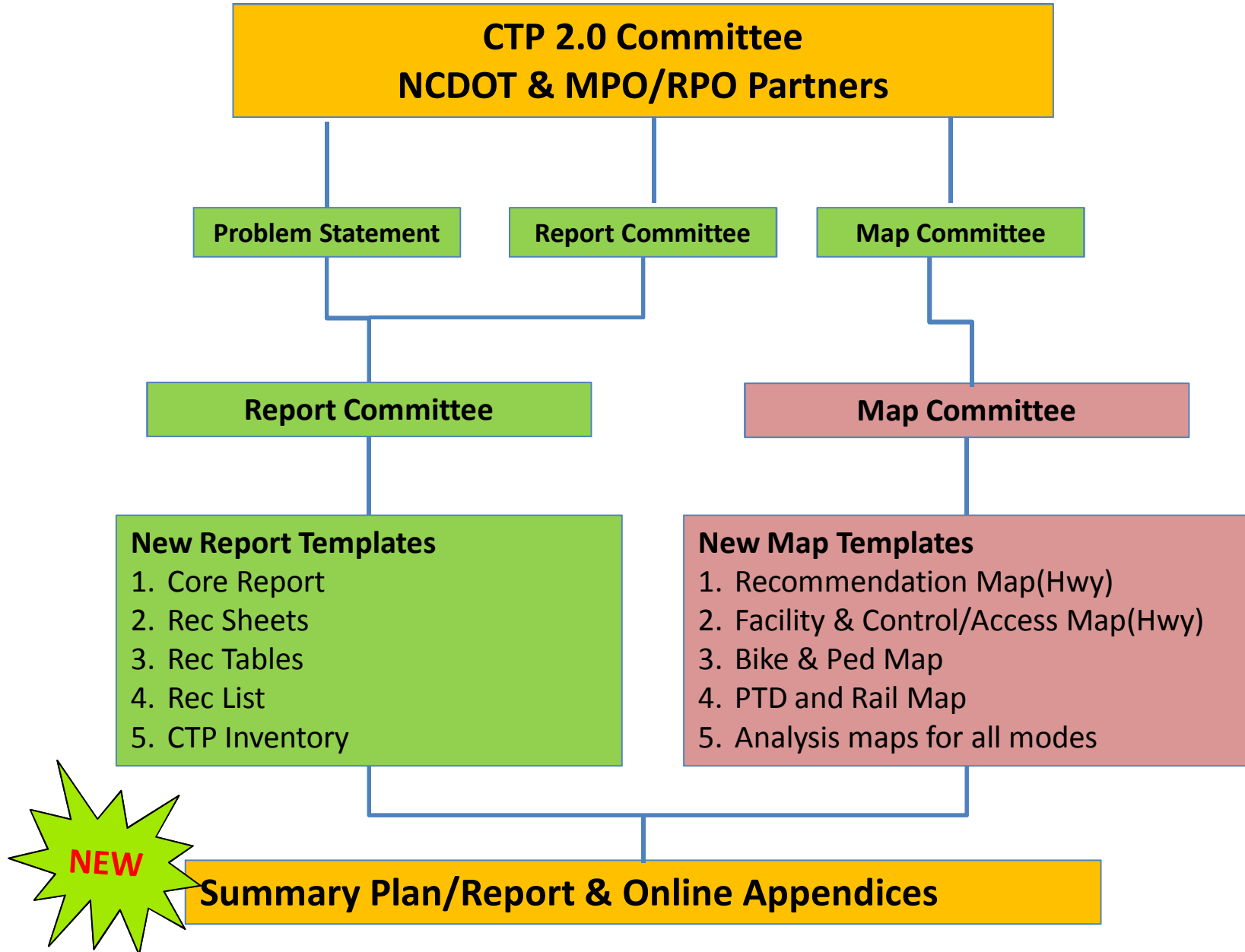


Transportation Planning

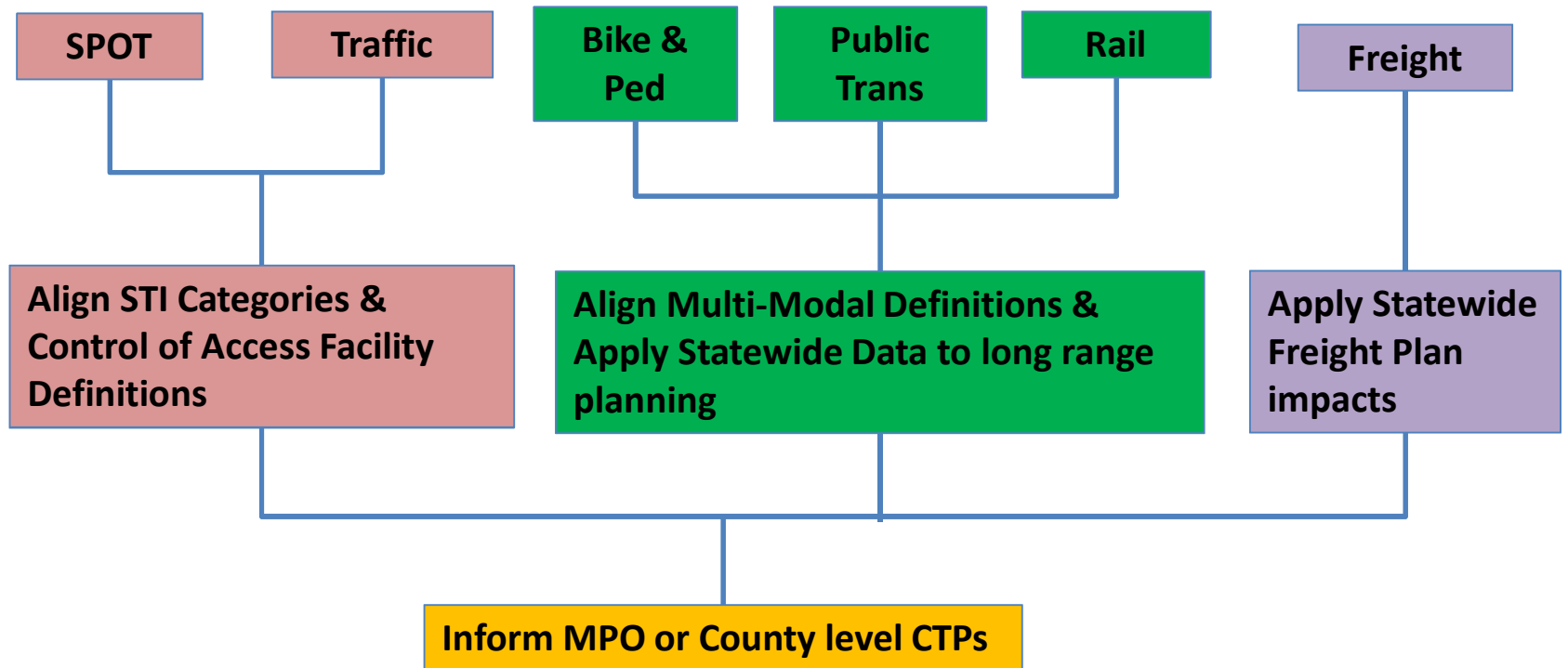
CTP New Enhancements

James Upchurch

September 26, 2017

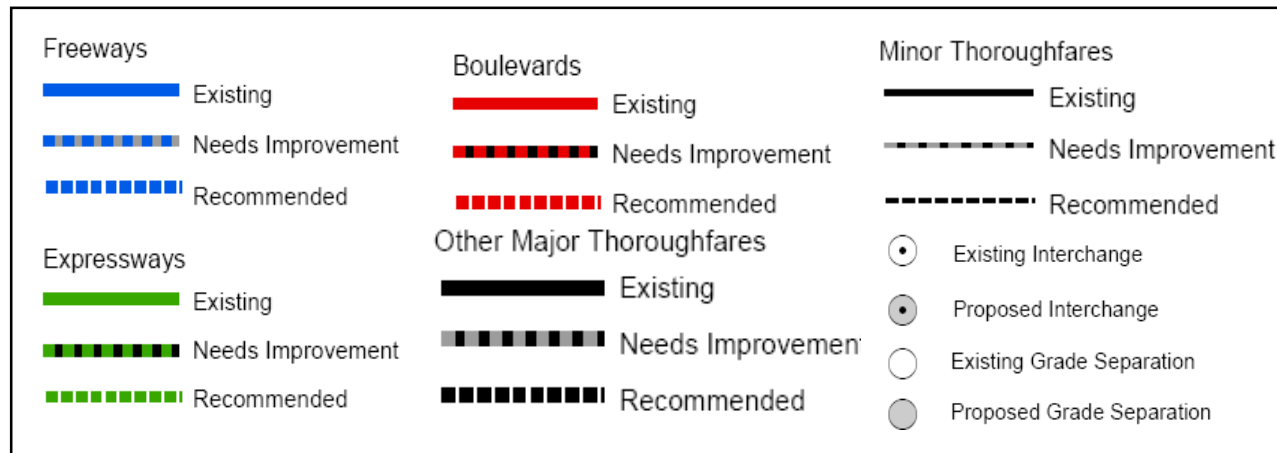


TPB's CTP 2.0 Coordination with DOT Business Units



CTP 2.0 Highway Map Changes

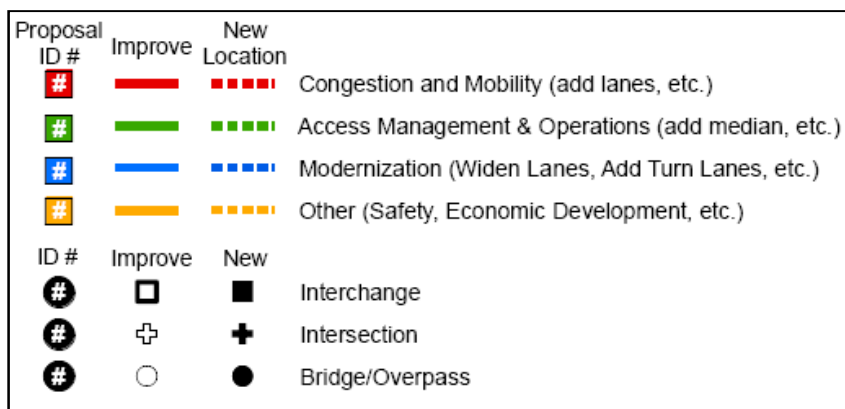
Current CTP Highway Map



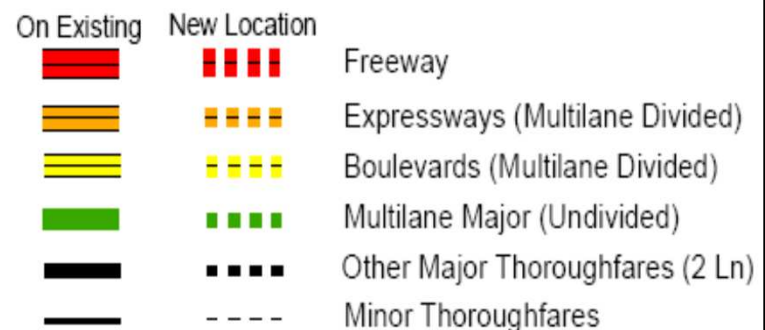
Highway Recommendations Map



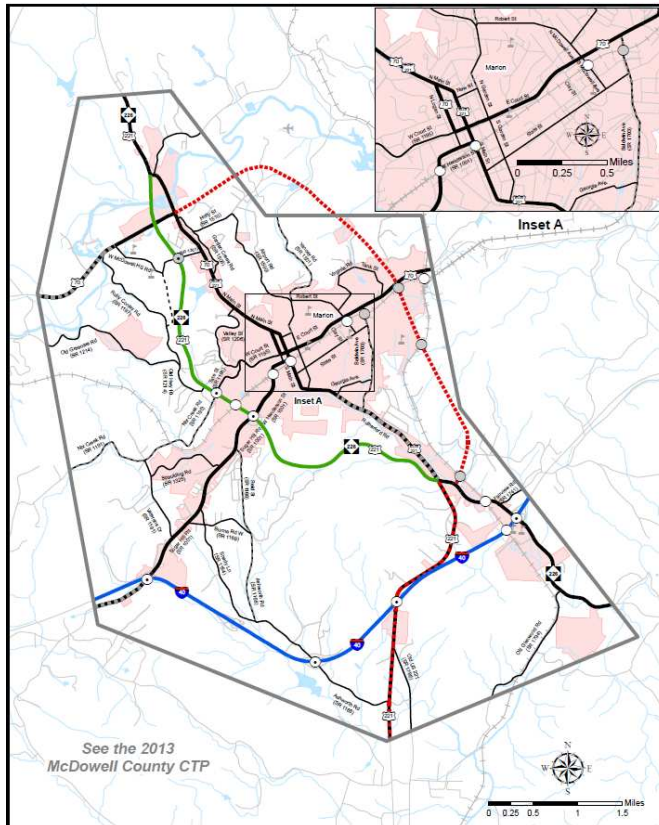
Facility Type Control of Access Map



Recommended System-wide Thoroughfares



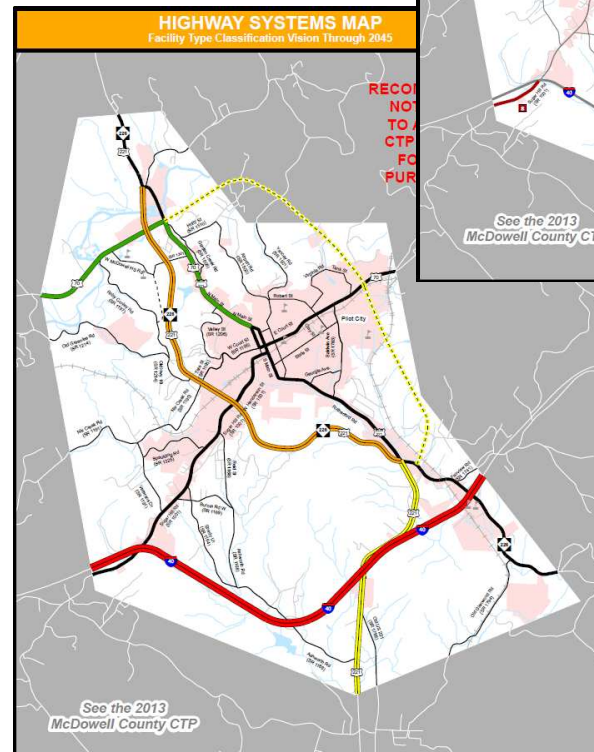
Proposed Highway Map Improvements



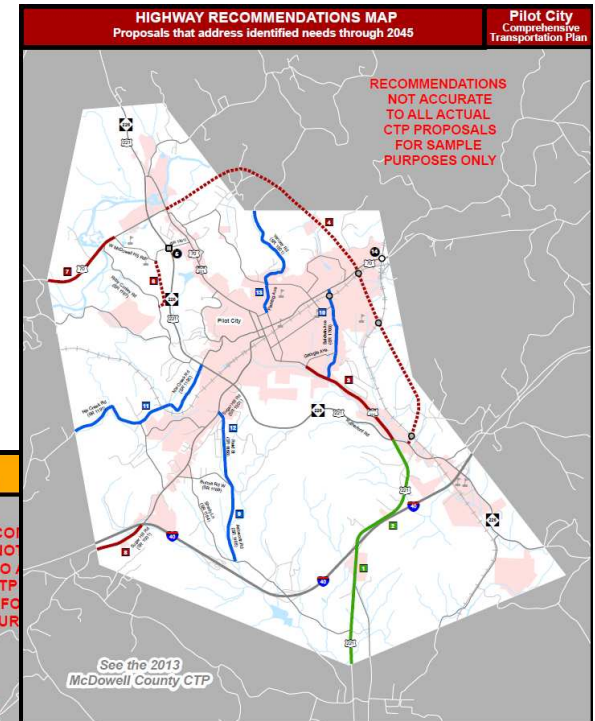
Current CTP Highway Map















Highway Recommendations Map



Facility Types Access Map



CTP 2.0 Highway Recommendations

Congestion and Mobility (add lanes, etc.)	
	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location
Access Management & Operations (add median, etc.)	
	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location
Modernization (Widen Lanes, Add Turn Lanes, etc.)	
	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location
Other (Safety, Economic Development, etc.)	
	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location











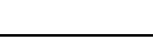
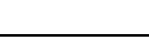
This Map provides...

- the **What, Where, and Why** of the Highway Proposals that address needs identified through a future horizon year.

Highway proposals...

- Address Identified Future Needs in an area
- Connect the Future Identified Need to Prioritization Categories (SPOT)
- Identify Short-term and Long Range proposals (**maybe**)

CTP 2.0 Highway Facility Types Access

Recommended Highway System Thoroughfares		
Future Roadways	New Locations	
		Freeway
		Expressway (Multilane Divided)
		Boulevard (Multilane Divided)
		Major Thoroughfare (Multilane Undivided)
		Major Thoroughfare (2 Lane)
		Minor Thoroughfare

Purpose of the System Map

1. Transportation Planning Branch:

Provides a future roadway facility type hierarchy and **sets the control of access vision** for all future corridors.

2. Local Municipalities/MPOs/RPOs:

Uses facility types in conjunction with development ordinances to **make better land use decisions** along state-maintained roadways.

3. Mobility and Safety, Division Office:

Uses the facility type future Vision to assist in **more consistent roadway access** decisions.

4. Board of Transportation :

As a part of the Statewide Transportation Plan, the **BOT adopts** a Statewide Facility Type Classifications for North Carolina roadways.

Changes to NC Facility Types Access Definitions


NEW

5 Facility Classes

NCDOT FACILITY TYPES COMPARISON CHART (Current Definition)

	Freeways	Expressways	Boulevards
Functional Purpose	High Mobility, Low Access	High Mobility, Low to Moderate Access	Moderate Mobility, Limited Moderate Access
AASHTO Design Classification	Interstate or Freeway	Arterial	Arterial or Collector
Posted Speed Limit	55 mph or greater	45 mph to 60 mph	30 mph to 55 mph
Control of Access	Full	Limited or Partial	Limited or Partial
Traffic Signals	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Allowed
Driveways	Not Allowed	Limited Control of Access - Not Allowed Partial Control of Access - One Driveway Connection per Parcel; Consolidate and/or Share Driveways and Limit Access to Connecting Streets or Service Roads; Restrict to Right-in/Right-out	Limited Control of Access - One Driveway Connection per Parcel; Consolidate and/or Share Driveways and Limit Access to Connecting Streets or Roads; Restrict to Right-in/Right-out
Cross-Section	Minimum 4 Lanes with a Median	Minimum 4 Lanes with a Median	Minimum 2 Lanes with a Median
Connections	Provided only at Interchanges, All Cross Streets are Grade-Separated	Provided only at Interchanges for Major Cross Streets and At-Grade Intersections for Minor Cross Streets; Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes for At-Grade Intersections	At-Grade Intersections for Major and Minor Cross Streets (Intersecting Intersecting); Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes
Median Crossovers	Public-use Crossovers Not Allowed; Urban Median Openings for Use by Authorized Vehicles Only when Needed is Justified	Allowed; Alternatives to All-Movement Crossovers Encouraged; Minimum Spacing between All-Movement Crossovers is 2000 feet (posted speed limit of greater than 45 mph) or 1200 feet (posted speed limit of 45 mph or less)	Allowed; Minimum Spacing between All-Movement Crossovers is 2000 feet (posted speed limit of greater than 45 mph) or 1200 feet (posted speed limit of 45 mph or less)

6 Facility Classes

NCDOT FACILITY TYPES COMPARISON CHART (Proposed Changes)

	Freeways	Expressways (Multi-lane Divided)	Boulevards (Multi-lane Divided)	Major (Multi-lane Major (Undivided))	Other Major (Collector)	Minor (Thoroughfare)
Functional Purpose	High Mobility, Low Access	High Mobility, Low to Moderate Access	Moderate Mobility, Low to Moderate Access	Moderate Mobility, Low to Moderate Access	Moderate to Low Mobility, High Access	Moderate to Low Mobility, High Access
AASHTO Design Classification	Interstate or Freeway	Arterial	Arterial or Collector	Arterial or Collector	Collector or Local	Collector or Local
Posted Speed Limit	55 mph or greater	45 mph to 60 mph	30 mph to 55 mph	30 mph to 55 mph	25 mph to 55 mph	25 mph to 55 mph
Control of Access	Full	Limited	Limited or Partial	Partial	None	None
Traffic Signals	Not Allowed	Limited or Not Allowed	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Driveways	Not Allowed	Limited Control of Access - Not Allowed Partial Control of Access - One Driveway Connection per Parcel; Consolidate and/or Share Driveways and Limit Access to Connecting Streets or Service Roads; Restrict to Right-in/Right-out	Limited Control of Access - One Driveway Connection per Parcel; Consolidate and/or Share Driveways and Limit Access to Connecting Streets or Roads; Restrict to Right-in/Right-out	Limited Control of Access - One Driveway Connection per Parcel; Consolidate and/or Share Driveways and Limit Access to Connecting Streets or Service Roads; Restrict to Right-in/Right-out	Allowed with Full Movement; Consolidate or Share Connections, if possible	Allowed with Full Movement; Consolidate or Share Connections, if possible
Cross-Section	Minimum 4 Lanes with a Median	Minimum 4 Lanes with a Median	Minimum 4 Lanes with a Median	Minimum 4 Lanes; No Median	Minimum 4 Lanes; No Median; With a service or Median; Include Facilities with Two Way Left Turn Lane	Minimum 5 Lanes; No Median; Include Facilities with Two Way Left Turn Lane
Connections	Provided only at Interchanges, All Cross Streets are Grade-Separated	Provided only at Interchanges for Major Cross Streets and At-Grade Intersections for Minor Cross Streets; Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes for At-Grade Intersections	At-Grade Intersections for Major and Minor Cross Streets (Intersecting Intersecting); Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes	At-Grade Intersections for Major and Minor Cross Streets (Intersecting Intersecting); Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes	At-Grade Intersections for Major and Minor Cross Streets (Intersecting Intersecting); Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes	At-Grade Intersections for Major and Minor Cross Streets (Intersecting Intersecting); Use of Acceleration and Deceleration Lanes
Median Crossovers	Public-use Crossovers Not Allowed; Urban Median Openings for Use by Authorized Vehicles Only when Needed is Justified	Allowed; Alternatives to All-Movement Crossovers Encouraged; Minimum Spacing between All-Movement Crossovers is 2000 feet (posted speed limit of greater than 45 mph) or 1200 feet (posted speed limit of 45 mph or less)	Allowed; Alternatives to All-Movement Crossovers Encouraged; Minimum Spacing between All-Movement Crossovers is 2000 feet (posted speed limit of greater than 45 mph) or 1200 feet (posted speed limit of 45 mph or less)	Allowed; Minimum Spacing between All-Movement Crossovers is 2000 feet (posted speed limit of greater than 45 mph) or 1200 feet (posted speed limit of 45 mph or less)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Bicycles & Pedestrians in CTPs

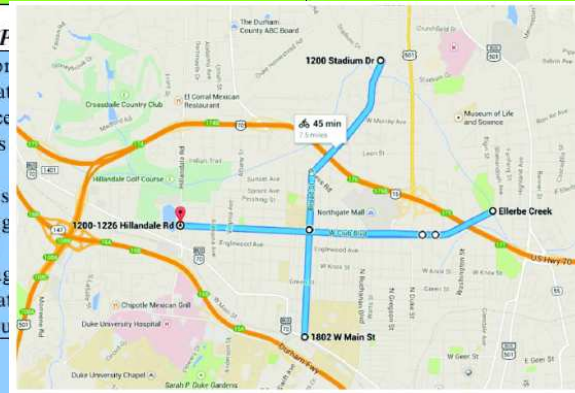
North Carolina Department of Transportation
Complete Streets
Planning and Design Guidelines



Continuity-Quality of Service Index

Existing Facility at End Point A/B (F)

Bicycle Lane or
Other Designated
On-Road Space
Bicycle Signals
Intersection
Improvements
Bicycle Parking
Bicycle Share
Stations; Along
regional or state
designated route



A/B

None



*Finding Compatibility in the **Bicycle and Pedestrian Division** and **Transportation Planning Branch** processes*

Current Conditions

1. Overview of the community - community concerns/needs/priorities
2. Assess current conditions for bicyclists and pedestrians
3. Describe interaction with the local transit system
4. Describe current walking and/or bicycling rates and specific data
5. Provide map of existing bicycle and/or pedestrian facilities, and any other relevant maps.
6. Provide an inventory table of relevant road characteristics
7. Identify key generators/attractors, origins and/or destination points.
8. Identify any special population/user groups.
9. Identify relevant local, regional and state plans and guidelines.
10. Describe relevant policies, institutional frameworks, statutes and ordinances
11. Describe any local encouragement initiatives (educational or enforcement programs).
12. Provide a summary of public input from the steering committee and public comment/outreach efforts.

Recommended Proposals

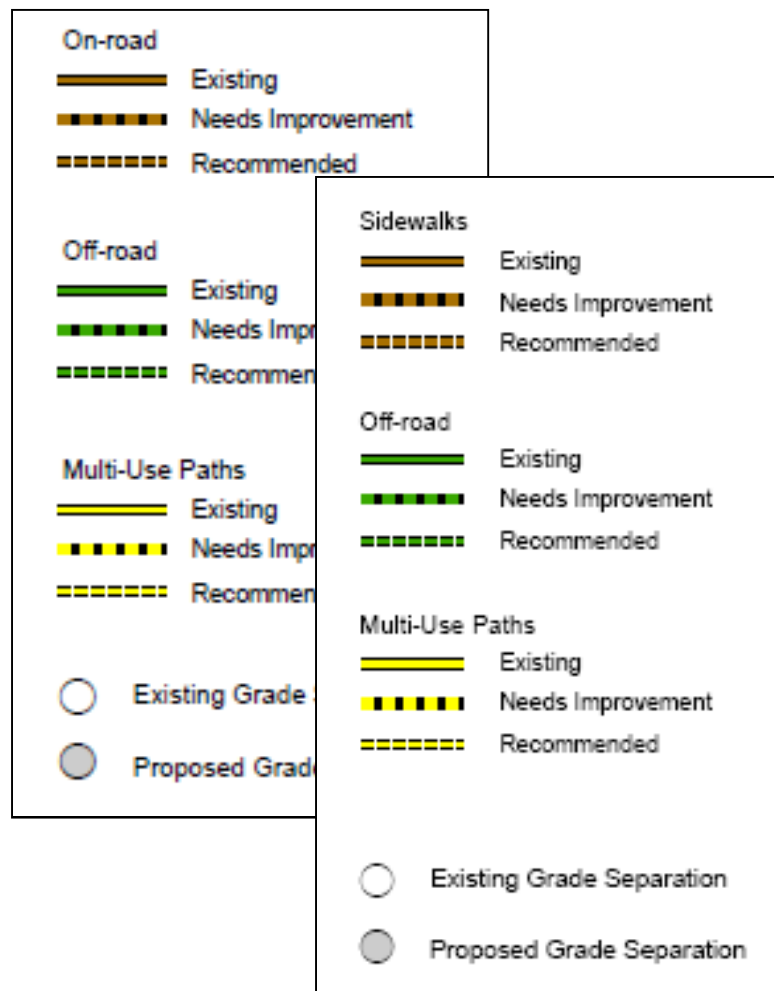
1. Identify and display the main corridors/special focus areas
2. Identify and list potential project needs, and preferred treatment(s), proposed cross-section, project development constraints, and cost estimates.
3. Provide map(s) of recommended network.
4. Develop a methodology for prioritizing projects (or use another established version).
5. Discuss short-term and long-term opportunities and constraints through new construction, upgrades/retrofits, regularly scheduled road maintenance, etc.
6. Recommended Programs and Policies
7. Comprehensively review encouragement, education and enforcement programs
8. Review local policies (UDO, land development regulations, etc.), departmental procedures, design guidelines and recommend necessary changes.

Implementation

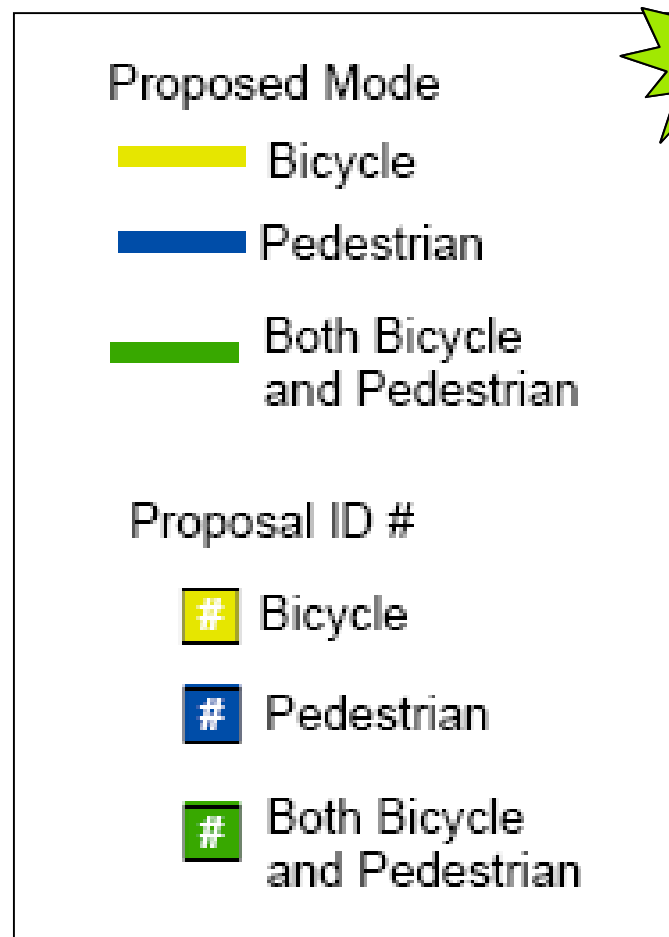
1. Implementation Plan
2. Provide an overview of implementation recommendations and describe the organizational framework needed.
3. Specifically outline administrative, policy, program, infrastructure and other implementation action steps with a timeframe identified.
4. Identify lead agencies and key partners, and describe the roles of stakeholder agencies and organizations.
5. Discuss some prime funding sources/opportunities.
6. Provide performance measures that can be used as evaluation and monitoring metrics.
7. Provide a summary of design guideline resources/links including how to use them, where to find them, etc.

Bike & Ped Class Changes

Current CTP Bike & Ped Map Classes



New Map Legend Classifications



NEW

??Where are Bikes, Ped captured when impacting bridge improvements on the CTP?

Bike & Ped Sub-Class Options/Definitions

New Map Legend Classifications

Proposed Mode

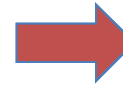
-  Bicycle
-  Pedestrian
-  Both Bicycle and Pedestrian

Proposal ID

-  Bicycle
-  Pedestrian
-  Both Bicycle and Pedestrian



Sub-Class Options



Bicycle

- **Bike Lane**
 - Standard marked lane
 - Buffered Bike Lane,
 - Paved Shoulder(4'+)
 - Shared Bike Lane
 - Separated Bike Lane.
 - Contra-flow Bike Lane

Bike Route

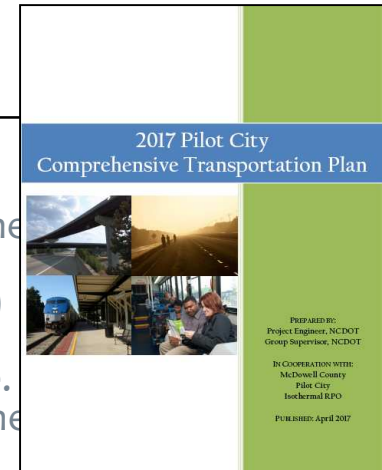
- Signed or Designated State, Federal, or **Local Routes**

Pedestrian

- **Sidewalk**
 - Paved street portion beyond the curb or edge of roadway

Both Bicycle and Pedestrian

- **Shared Use Path**
 - Multi-Use Trail or Greenway.
 - Common segment adjacent to roadway



Public Transportation in CTPs



Buncombe County

Community Transportation Service Plan

Community Connectivity Plans

SUCCESS PLAN



Success Plan Development

TRANSPro

State of North Carolina
Department of Transportation
Public Transportation Division

2016 – 2017

OpStats

Locally Coordinated Plans

BENEFITS OF TRANSIT PROVIDED BY Alamance County Transportation Authority

NCDOT Public Transportation Division, June 2017 • www.ncdot.gov/nctransit

80,000

TRIPS PROVIDED IN 2015

Source: OpStats



\$3.91 million

STATEWIDE BUSINESS OUTPUT

Expenditure-related economic contribution refers to statewide economic effects supported by the capital and operational expenditures of North Carolina's transit systems.

Source: TREDIS (Transportation Economic Development Impact System)



\$1.36 million

ANNUAL BENEFIT OF HAVING A TRANSIT OPTION
IN NC COMMUNITIES

Transportation cost savings — using transit instead of other modes
Affordable mobility options — benefit from having transit services available

Source: SURTC/CUTR (Small Urban and Rural Transit Center) (Center for Urban Transportation Research)

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PROVIDES

- Economic benefits to communities
- Health benefits
- Access to work, education, training, medical transportation, shopping and tourism

REDUCES

- Individual transportation costs
- Congestion and delays
- Road construction and maintenance



TRANSIT FUNDING

Every \$1 the state of North Carolina invests in transit generates approximately \$6 of total investment in North Carolina from federal, state and local sources.

Source: OpStats



More than **60 JOBS**

are supported by transit system operations and capital investments which results in

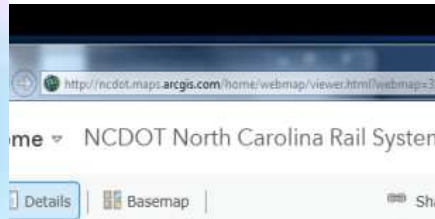
\$1.79 million in wages

Source: TREDIS



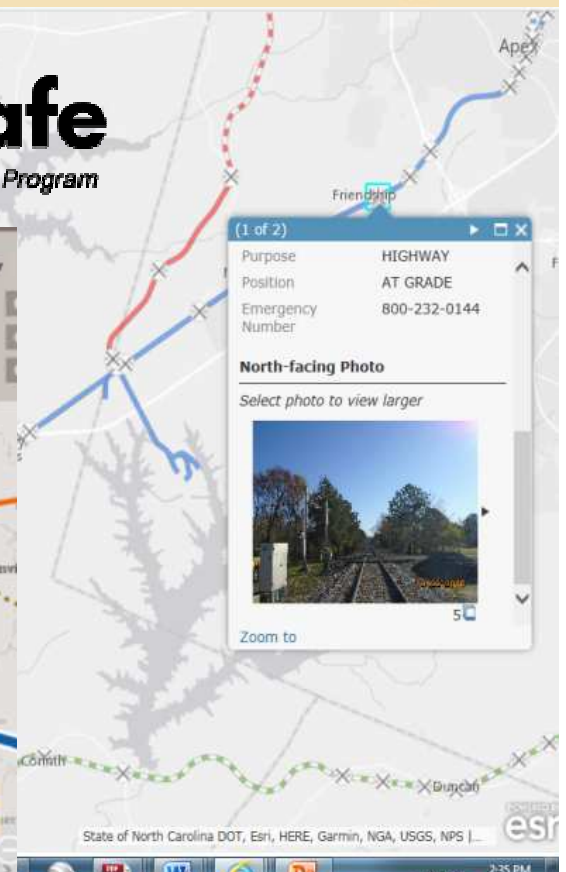
Source: Economic Benefits of Transit research conducted for NCDOT/PTD by the Institute for Transportation Research and Education at North Carolina State University, April 2017.

Railroad Planning in CTPs



NCDOT Rail Division




COMPREHENSIVE STATE RAIL PLAN






Public Transportation & Rail Changes

Current CTP PTD & Rail Classes




Bus Routes

-  Existing
-  Needs Improvement
-  Recommended




Fixed Guideway

-  Existing
-  Needs Improvement
-  Recommended



Operational Strategies

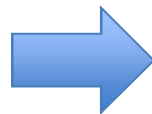
-  Existing
-  Needs Improvement
-  Recommended

Rail Corridor

-  Active
-  Inactive
-  Recommended



High Speed Rail Corridor

-  Existing
-  Recommended



New CTP Public Trans & Rail Classes

Urban Fixed Bus Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed



Regional Bus Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed

Rural Transit Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed

Fixed Guideway



-  Existing
-  Proposed

-  Railroad Corridor
-  Amtrak Route/Freight Route
-  NCDOT-Owned Corridor
-  Current Railroad

Public Transportation & Rail

Option 2

Urban Fixed Bus Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed



Regional Bus Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed

Rural Transit Routes





-  Existing
-  Proposed

Fixed Guideway

-  Existing
-  Proposed

Rail Corridor

-  Active
-  Inactive
-  Proposed

-  Railroad Corridor
-  Amtrak Route/Freight Route
-  NCDOT-Owned Corridor
-  Current Railroad

Class & Sub-Class Definitions

Urban Fixed Bus Routes

- Fixed Local & Express Routes

Regional Bus Routes

- Intercity, Bus on Shoulder, and BRT

Rural Bus Routes

- Deviated Fixed Transit Routes
(Demand Response or Subscription Services are not mapped)

Public Transportation Facilities*

- Transit/Multi-Modal Passenger Facilities

Park and Ride Lots

- Lots Designed for Transit Commuters

* Questions for TPB??

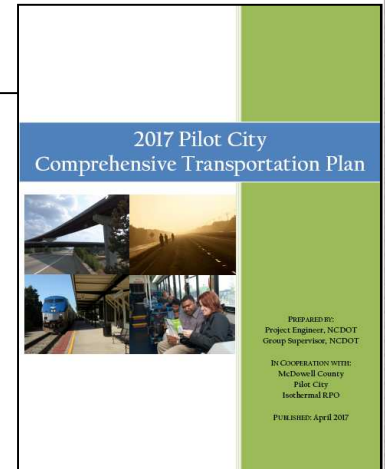
Also, Ferry's, Airport, Sea Ports Map Features

Fixed Guideway

- Light Rail, Commuter, and Separate corridor




Rail Corridors

- Captures Class 1 (NS & CSX) and Short Lines






Highway Improvement and Facility Types




Congestion and Mobility (add lanes, etc.)

	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location




Access Management & Operations (add median, etc.)

	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location

Modernization (Widen Lanes, Add Turn Lanes, etc.)

	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location





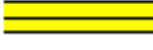







Other (Safety, Economic Development, etc.)

	Proposal ID #
	Improve
	New Location

Recommended Highway System Thoroughfares

Future Roadways

New Locations

		Freeway
		Expressway (Multilane Divided)
		Boulevard (Multilane Divided)
		Major Thoroughfare (Multilane Undivided)
		Major Thoroughfare (2 Lane)
		Minor Thoroughfare

Multi-Modal Class Changes



Proposed Mode

-  Bicycle
-  Pedestrian
-  Both Bicycle and Pedestrian

Proposal ID

-  Bicycle
-  Pedestrian
-  Both Bicycle and Pedestrian

Urban Fixed Bus Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed



Regional Bus Routes





-  Existing
-  Proposed

Rural Transit Routes

-  Existing
-  Proposed

Fixed Guideway

-  Existing
-  Proposed

-  Railroad Corridor
-  Amtrak Route/Freight Route
-  NCDOT-Owned Corridor
-  Current Railroad

CTP 2.0 What's Changing?

CTP Recommendation Maps

- Highway Recommended Map
- Facility Type Map
- Bike & Pedestrian Map
- Rail Map
- Public Transportation Map

Modal Analysis Maps (Online Appendices)

- Highway Volume/ Capacity Maps
- **Bike Map**
- **Pedestrian Map**
- **Rail Map**
- **Public Transportation Map**
- **Freight Map**



NEW

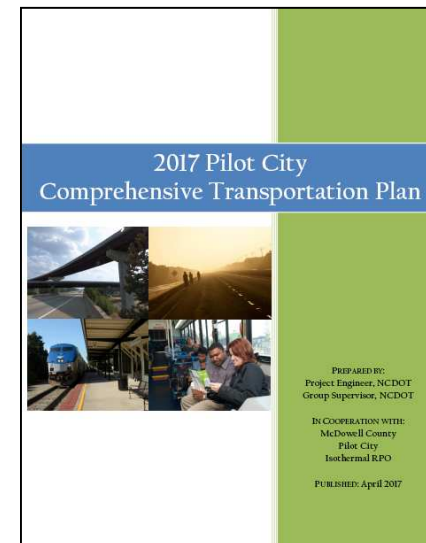
Informational Maps & Figures(Online Appendices)

- High Crash Locations
- Bridge Deficiencies
- Title VI and Non Discrimination Populations

Other Maps (Online Appendices)

- Land-Use Maps
- Travel Demand Model Maps and Figures
- Typical Cross Sections

CTP Documentation



CTP 2.0 Map & Figures (Draft)

CTP 2.0 Maps/Figures (DRAFT)

3/30/2017

Where	Type	#	CTP 2.0 Maps / Figures	Former Name	Primary Responsibility	Comment	Consistency with other plans
CORE REPORT		1	Highway Recommendations	CTP - Highway	Project Engineer	Shows Recommendations only - future system will be shown on the systems map	
		2	Highway Systems Map	CTP - Highway	Project Engineer	Splits from CTP-Highway	
		3	Bicycle and Pedestrian Recommendations Map	CTP - Bicycle & CTP-Pedestrian	Project Engineer	Shows Recommendations only - existing system shown on Informational Map	
		4	Public Transportation and Rail Recommendations	CTP -Public Transportation and Rail	Project Engineer	Shows Recommendations only - existing system shown on Informational Map	
ONLINE APPENDICES	HIGHWAY DEFICIENCY MAPS	5	(Base Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	(Base Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	Project Engineer		
		6	(Interim Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	new	Project Engineer	Optional, but encouraged	
		7	(Future Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	(Future Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	Project Engineer		
	STATEWIDE INFORMATION MAPS (clip and verify)	8	Bicycle Analysis Map	new	Bike/Ped Division*	Create statewide layer that employees could clip. Shows existing bicycle facilities and points of interest. One combined map of bike/ped?	Statewide & Local Plans
		9	Pedestrian Analysis Map	new	Bike/Ped Division*	Create statewide layer that employees could clip. Shows existing ped facilities and points of interest. One combined map of bike/ped?	Statewide & Local Plans
		10	Rail Analysis Map	new	TPB (from Rail Division)*	Use existing info, create statewide layer that employees could clip (meeting 3/31)	
		11	Public Transportation Analysis Map	new	TPB (from Public Transportation Division)	Use existing info, create statewide layer that employees could clip	
		12	Freight Map	new	TPB	Create statewide layer that employees could clip. Shows freight points of interest.	
	STATEWIDE INFORMATION MAPS (clip and NO verify)	13	High Frequency Crash Locations	High Frequency Crash Locations	TPB (from Traffic Engineering)	Use existing info, create statewide layer that employees could clip.	
		14	Bridge Deficiencies Map	Deficient Bridges Map	TPB (from Structures Mgmt / Bridge Program)	Use existing info, create statewide layer that employees could clip	
		15	Environmental Features Map	Environmental Features Map	TPB (info from PDEA)	Create statewide layer that employees could clip	
		16	Title VI and Other Non-Discrimination Populations	new	TPB	Use existing statewide layer that employees could clip	
	OTHER	17	Typical Cross Sections	Typical Cross Section	TPB	Link report to TPB housed online resource	
		18	Level of Service Illustrations	Level of Service Illustrations	TPB	Link report to TPB housed online resource	
		19	(Local Area) Land Use Maps	(Local Area) Land Use Maps	Project Engineer	Can't link to local area because plan map or web address may change	
		20	Travel Demand Model Figures / Maps	(varies)	Project Engineer	Link to Travel Demand Model documentation (if applicable)	

CTP 2.0 Map & Figures (Draft)

CTP 2.0 Maps/Figures (DRAFT)

3/30/2017

				Consistency with other	
Where	Type	#	CTP 2.0 Maps / Figures		
CORE REPORT		1	Highway Recommendations		
		2	Highway Systems Map		
		3	Bicycle and Pedestrian Recommendations Map		
		4	Public Transportation and Rail Recommendations		

ONLINE APPENDICES	STATEWIDE MAPS (clip and NO verify)	11	Public Transportation Analysis Map	new	TPB (from Public Transportation Division)
		12	Freight Map	new	TPB
	STATEWIDE INFORMATION MAPS (clip and NO verify)	13	High Frequency Crash Locations	High Frequency Crash Locations	TPB (from Traffic Engineering)
		14	Bridge Deficiencies Map	Deficient Bridges Map	TPB (from Structures Mgmt / Bridge Program)
		15	Environmental Features Map	Environmental Features Map	TPB (info from PDEA)
		16	Title VI and Other Non-Discrimination Populations	new	TPB
	OTHER	17	Typical Cross Sections	Typical Cross Section	TPB
		18	Level of Service Illustrations	Level of Service Illustrations	TPB
		19	(Local Area) Land Use Maps	(Local Area) Land Use Maps	Project Engineer
		20	Travel Demand Model Figures / Maps	(varies)	Project Engineer

ONLINE APPENDICES	HIGHWAY DEFICIENCY MAPS	5	(Base Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	(Base Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies
		6	(Interim Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	new
		7	(Future Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies	(Future Year) Volume and Capacity Deficiencies
	STATEWIDE INFORMATION MAPS (clip and verify)	8	Bicycle Analysis Map	new
		9	Pedestrian Analysis Map	new
		10	Rail Analysis Map	new
		11	Public Transportation Analysis Map	new
		12	Freight Map	new
	STATEWIDE INFORMATION MAPS (clip and NO verify)	13	High Frequency Crash Locations	High Frequency Crash Locations
		14	Bridge Deficiencies Map	Deficient Bridges Map
		15	Environmental Features Map	Environmental Features Map

CTP Analysis & CTP Video Messaging

Bike & Pedestrian Analysis

- Lanes, Routes
- High Density Res/Commercial (SPOT)
- Identify Existing Easements
- O&D Locations (trip attractors)
- Safety, Crashes

Public Trans. Analysis

- Urban, Regional, and Rural Routes
- Hospitals, Medical, **Dialysis Centers**
- Airports, Ferry's, Seaports
- Universities
- O&D Locations (trip attractors)
- **Commuter Trip Analysis**
- Cities and Towns

Railroad Connectivity Analysis

- Class 1 Lines (NS & CSX), Short Lines
- Amtrak / Other services
- Fixed Guideways
- Railroad Crossings (reference)
- Rail Stations, Intermodal, Transload, Rail Yards (ref)
- 'Airports, Seaports, Military

Bicycle & Pedestrian Video for the Public

- Safety, Health, Economy, Mobility, Environment (WalkNC)
- Showing Community connectivity
- Mapping Recommendations Only in the CTP
- Time-bound strategic plan(30 years)
- Aligning with community vision & goals with the Plan leading to Prioritization
- FAQs

Public Transportation Video for the Public

- [Public Trans Profile & Benefits](#)
- Multi-modal Connectivity (congested, Low Income)
- Planning Highway and Transit together
- FAQs

What is the Rail & Freight Message?

- [Rail Profile Area Handout](#)
- [Freight & Economic Impacts your area](#)
- Community Separation/ Road Closures
- Rail Crossing Closures
- STI & Statewide Rail Plan
- Safety Awareness: [BE RAIL SAFE](#)
- FAQs

Statewide Freight Plan to inform CTPs

- County Industry Profile
- Commodity Flow
- Prioritized Freight Corridors
- Truck Parking
- Rail Profile

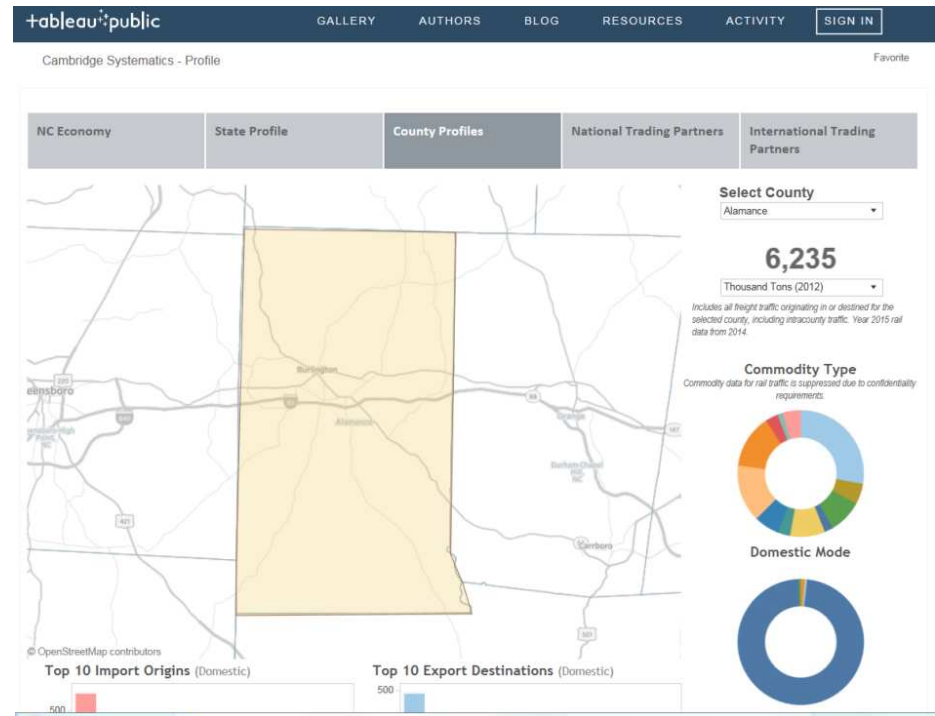
Figure 2.8 Prioritized Freight Corridor Needs



Prioritized Freight Corridor Needs

- Investment Program
- Stewardship Program
- Active Monitoring Program

- [01] TN state line to Asheville (NS)
- [02] Charlotte to TN state line (CSXT)
- [03] Salisbury to Asheville (NS)
- [04] Charlotte to Winston Salem to VA state line (NS)
- [05] Greensboro to Winston Salem to Rural Hall (NS)
- [06] SC state line to VA state line (NS)
- [07] Charlotte to Monroe (CSXT)
- [08] Charlotte to Columbia (NS)
- [09] Greensboro to Selma (NS)
- [10] Greensboro to Gulf (NS)
- [11] Monroe to Pembroke (CSXT)
- [12] Raleigh to Norlina (CSXT)
- [12/p] Norlina to Weldon (CSXT)
- [13] Hamlet to Raleigh (CSXT)
- [14] Raleigh to Fayetteville (NS)
- [15] VA state line to SC state line (CSXT)
- [16] Raleigh to Greenville (CLNA)
- [17] Selma to Morehead City (NS)
- [18] Contentnea to Wallace (CSXT)
- [18p] Wallace to Wilmington Passenger Service
- [19] Pembroke to Wilmington (CSXT)
- [20] Greenville to Lee Creek (NS)
- [21] Rocky Mount to Plymouth (CSXT)
- [22] Parmele to Greenville to Elmer (CSXT)
- [23] Cliffside to Bostic (CSXT)
- [24] Newton south (NS)
- [25] SC state line to Gastonia (NS)
- [26] Mount Holly to Terrell (CSXT)
- [27] Albemarle to Salisbury (NS)
- [28] Asheboro to High Point (NS)
- [29] Eden to VA state line (NS)
- [30] Roxboro to VA state line (NS)
- [31] Carrboro to Hillsborough (NS)
- [32] Oxford to Durham (NS)
- [33] Fuquay-Varina to Gulf (NS)
- [34] Hamlet to SC state line (CSXT)
- [35] Spring Lake to Fort Bragg (CSXT)
- [36] Stedman to Fayetteville (CSXT)
- [37] Saint Pauls to Lumberton (CSXT)
- [38] Weldon to VA state line (CSXT)
- [40] Leland, NC to Sunny Point (CSXT/DOD)
- [41] Chocowinity to New Bern (NS)
- [42] Durham to Apex (CSXT)
- [43] Edenton to VA state line
- [44] Camp Lejeune to Morehead City (NS/DOD)



- NC Port Profile
- Air Cargo Profile
- Military Profile
- Hazardous Material Profile

*Finding Compatibility in **SPOT** Project Entry Requirements and **CTPs***

SPOT Project Entry Screens

1. Project Type

- Mode
- Project Category
- Specific Improvement Type(23)
- **Project Local ID**

2. Route

- Route Type
- Route Number
- Route Suffix
- Route Name
- From/Cross Street
- To
- Project Description
- Supporting Docs

3. Mapping

- User required to map the project by select begin and end point of the project

4. Project Details

- In CTP- Yes/No
- Project Cross Section
- **Project Access Control**
- Project Speed limit
- Project Terrain Type
- **Project Facility Type**
- **Project Functional Classification**
- Existing Median Type
- Will Intersections/ Interchanges be upgrading as part of project?

5. Cost

- Other Fund Source
- Other Funds

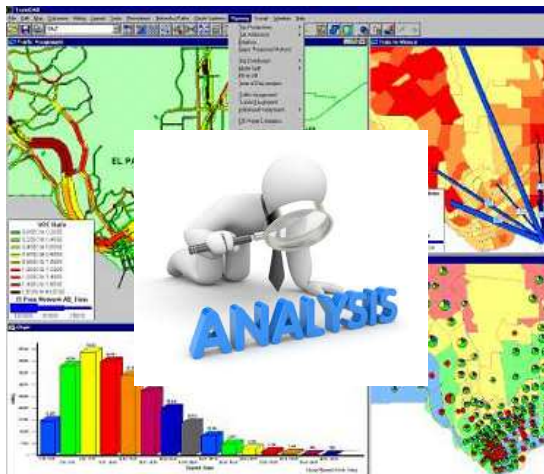
What is Changing in the CTP?



Develop Vision



Needs Assessment



Analyze Alternatives



Develop Final Plan



Adopt Plan

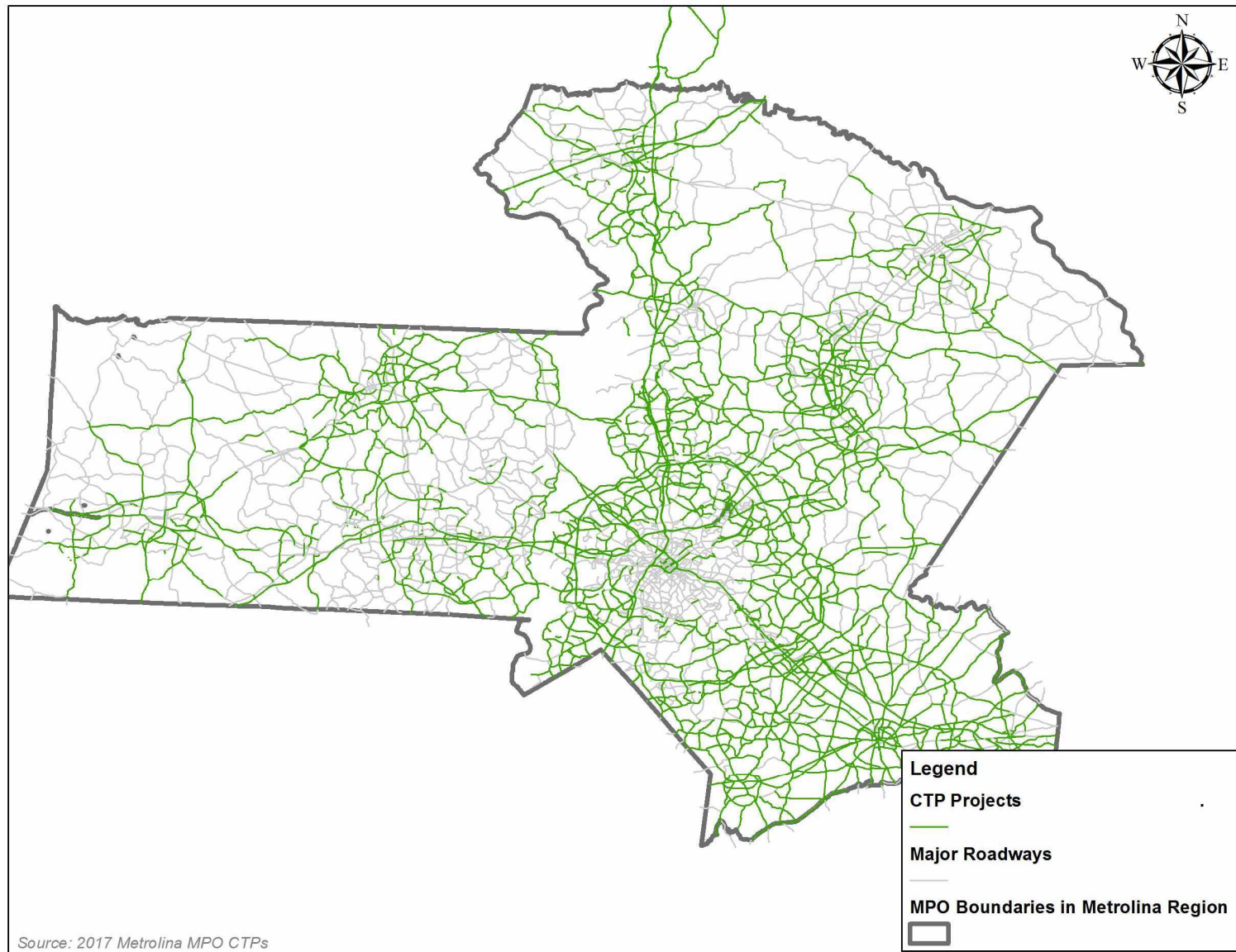
CTP Process



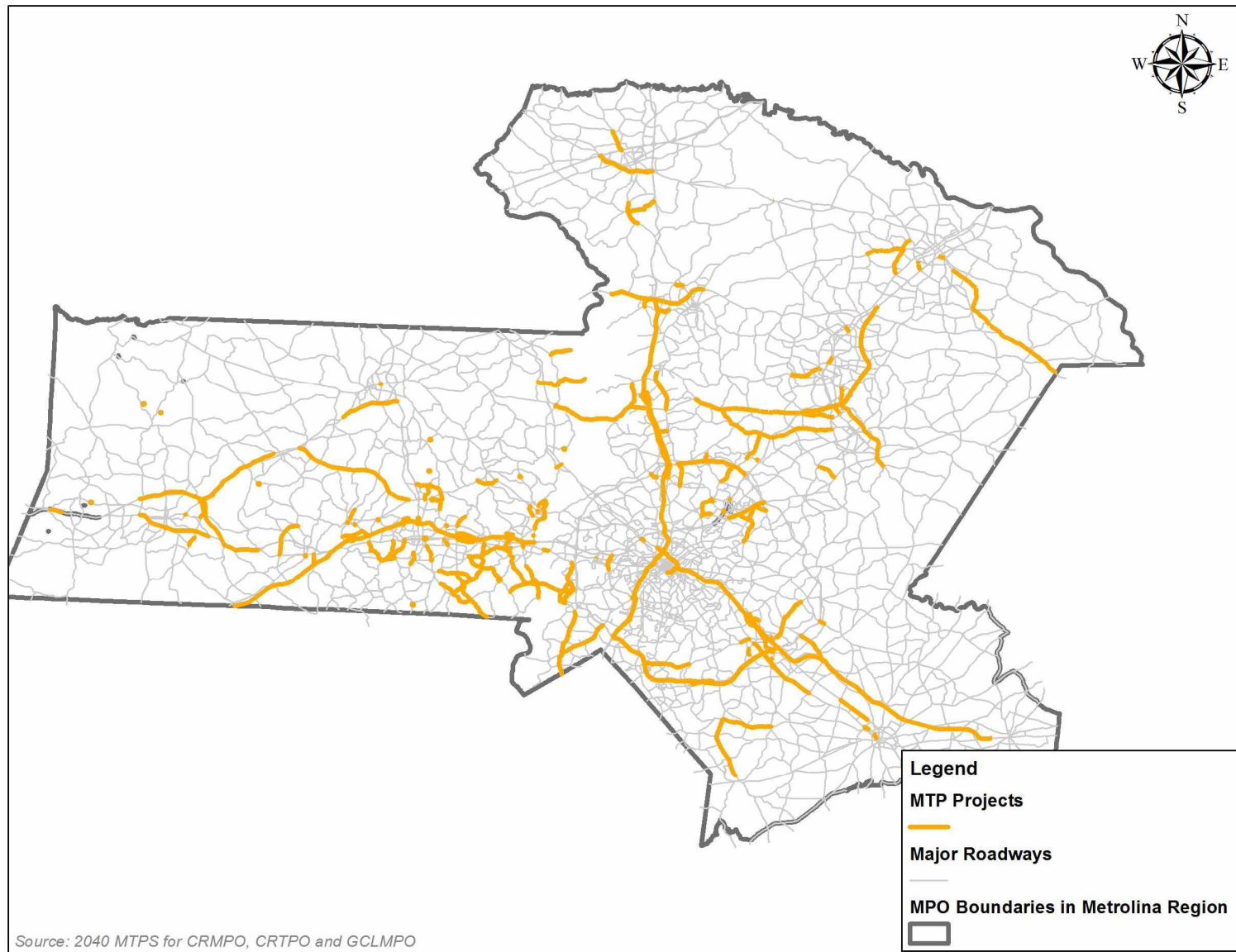
**CTP Steering
Committee
Meetings**



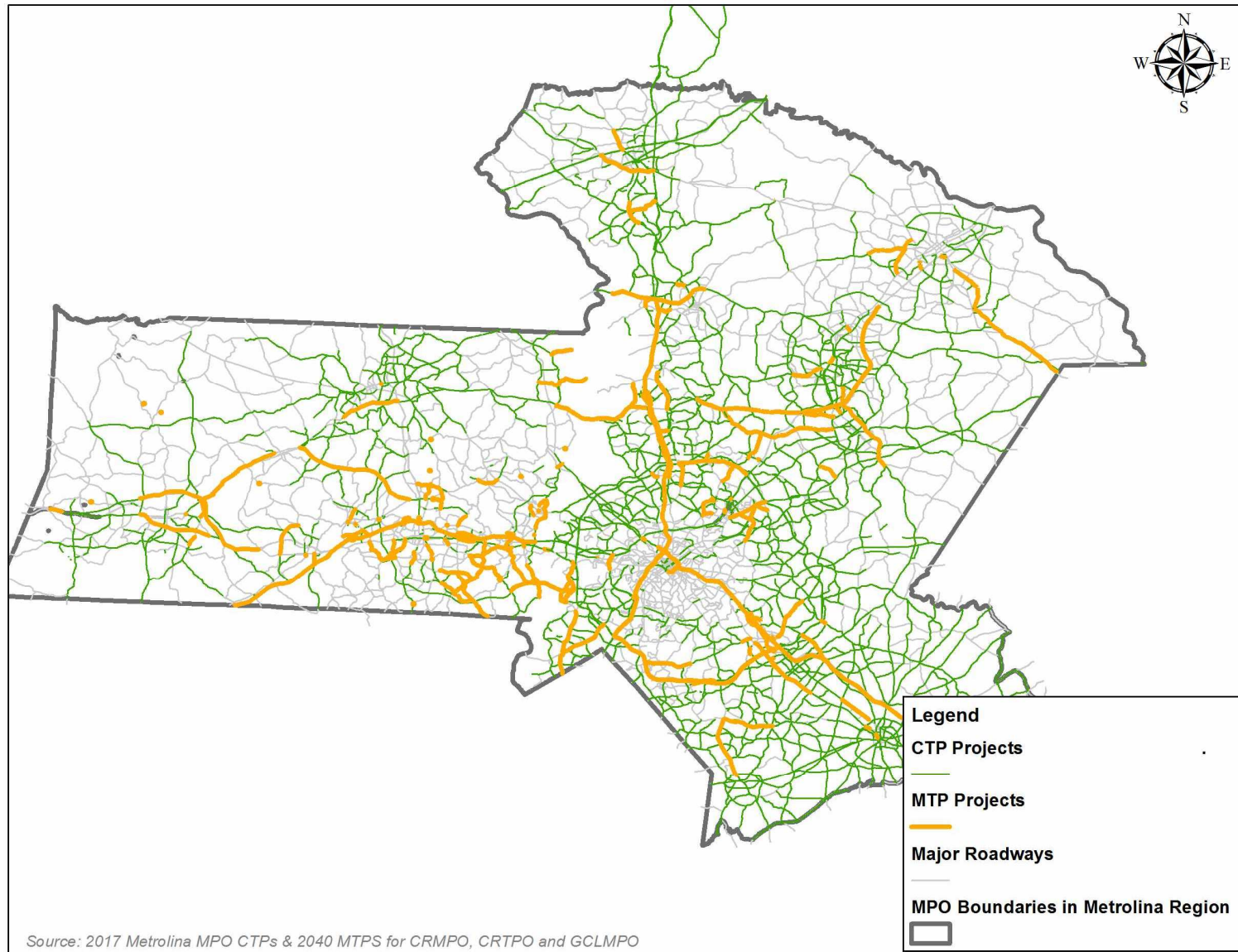
CTP Recommendations in Metrolina



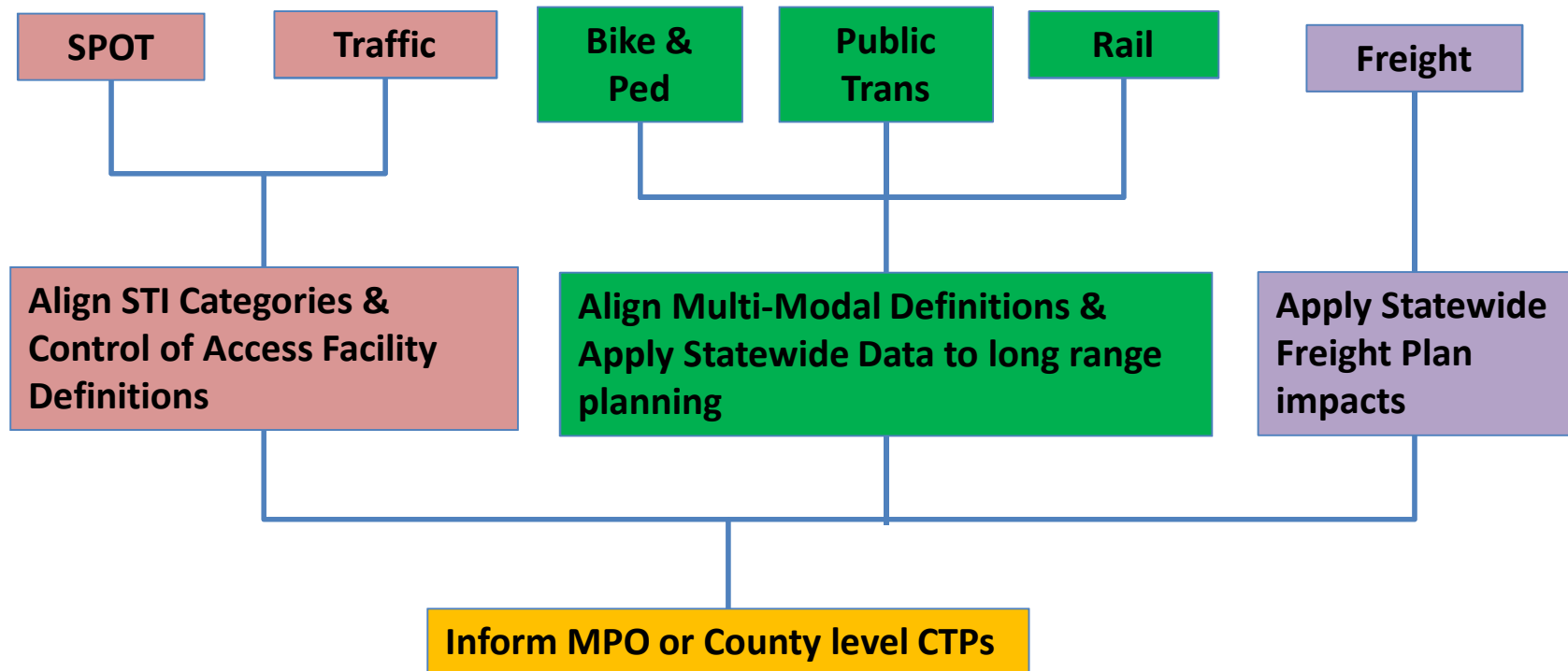
2040 MTP Projects in Metrolina



CTP Recommendations & MTP Projects in Metrolina



TPB's CTP 2.0 Coordination with DOT Business Units



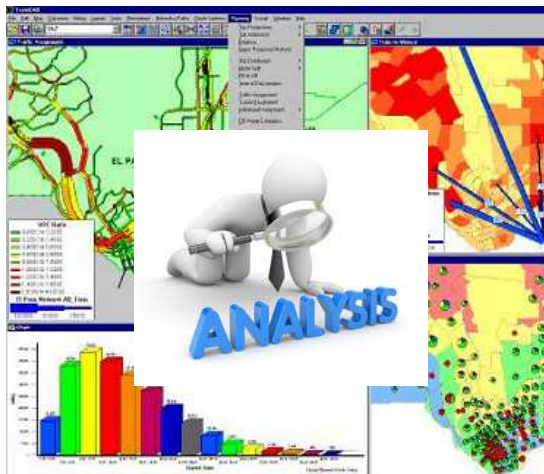
Same CTP Methodology with New Enhancements



Develop Vision



Needs Assessment



Analyze Alternatives



Develop Final Plan



Adopt Plan

Bicycles, Pedestrians and the CTP

1. Highlight Only Project Proposals on Maps
2. Align Bike & Ped Classifications in TPD
3. Consistent “Strategic Analysis” and Avoid the “Wish List”
4. Maintain the latest Bike & Ped Info & Message



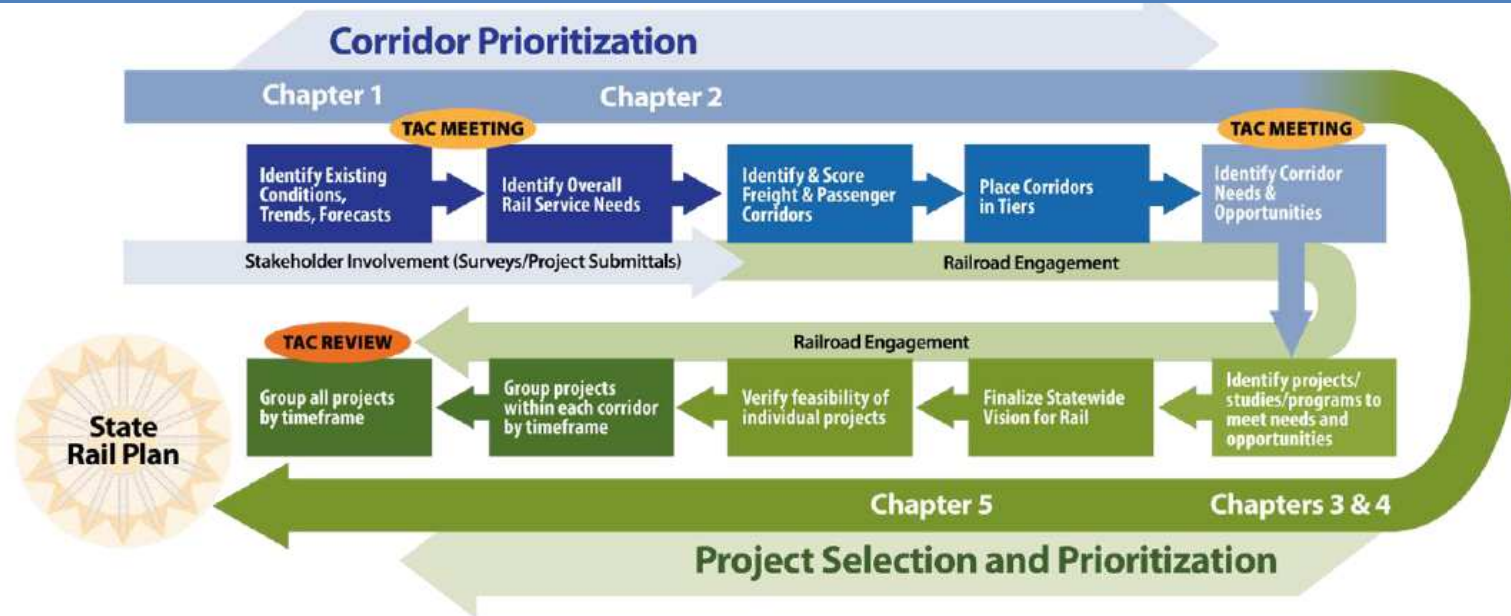
P4.0 Bicycle/ Pedestrian Criteria

Criteria	Measure	Division Weight
Safety	(Number of crashes x 40%) + (Posted speed limit x 40%) + (Project safety benefit x 20%)	15%
Access	(Destination Type within 1 mile (pedestrian) or 3 miles (bicycle) of facility x 50%) + (Distance to Prime Destination x 50%)	10%
Demand	# of households and employees per square mile within 1 ½ mile (bicycle) or ½ mile (pedestrian) of facility (includes factor for unoccupied housing units (second homes) + group housing, excluding prisons)	10%
Connectivity	Score per each SIT, based on degree of bike/ped separation from roadway, ADA compliance, and connectivity to a similar or better project type	10%
Cost Effectiveness	(Safety + Access + Demand + Connectivity) / Estimated Project Cost to NCDOT	5%

Summary				
Project Support	Funding Leverage Index	10%	10%	10%

NC Rail and the CTP

1. Present only “Committed” or funding Rail Projects
2. Introduce updated Rail Classifications
3. Identify emerging Development Sites
4. Maintain the latest Rail Info & Message to NC Communities



Public Transportation and the CTP

1. Capture Urban, Regional, Rural Routes from all Providers
2. Align all Public Transportation Classifications in TPD
3. Consistent “Strategic Approach” identify emerging transit services
4. Maintain the latest Public Trans. Info & Message

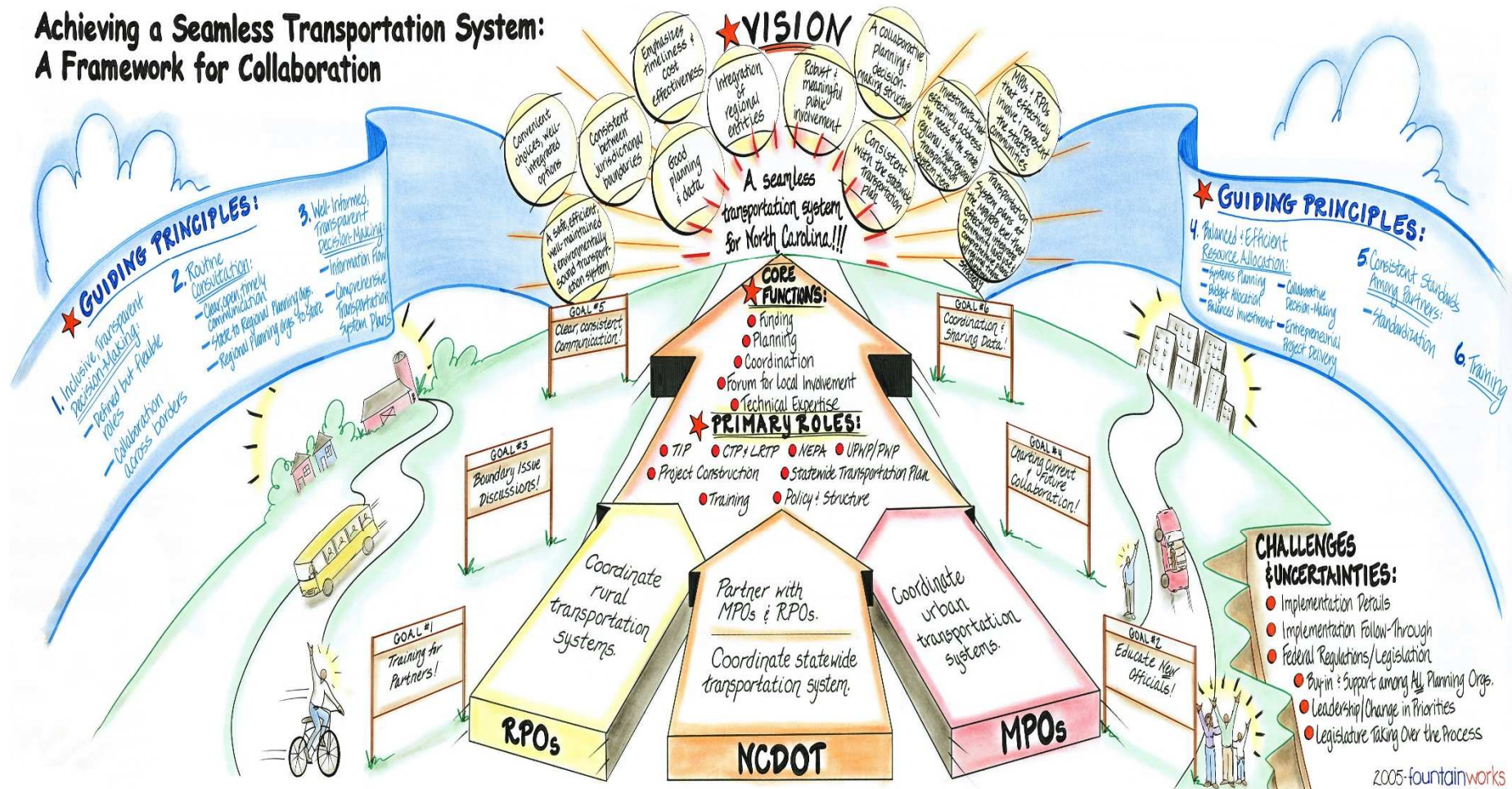


P4.0 Public Transportation Criteria (Vehicle)

Criteria	Measure	Regional Weight	Division Weight
Access	Annual OpStat Reported Hours / Vehicles in Fleet	10%	5%
System Safety	OpStat Reported Miles / 3 Year Average of Incidents	10%	10%
Impact	(Unlinked Annual Passenger Trips + Projected New Unlinked Annual Passenger Trips) / Unlinked Annual Passenger Trips	20%	15%
Cost Effectiveness	Projected New Annual Unlinked Passenger Trips for the Life of the Vehicle / Cost to the State	20%	15%
Market Share	(Unlinked Passenger Trips + Projected New Unlinked Annual Passenger Trips) / Service Area Population	10%	5%

Our Hope: Simple, Seamless Transportation System

Achieving a Seamless Transportation System: A Framework for Collaboration



Open Discussion

